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ENHANCE SERVICE HIGHER EDUCATION BASED OF FINANCIAL **MANAGEMENT**

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ABSTRACT

Public Service agency or commonly called as BLU is a new era of reformation in the field of financial management Indonesia. BLU is the entity within the Government/wealth of the country that are not separated. The goal is to improve services for the society in order to promote the general welfare and to gain the intellectual life of the nation. BLU is given flexibility in the financial management based on the principles of economy and productivity, and application of a fair business practices. Financial management of BLU in education services is expected to be able in organizing government functions for establishing the functions of service for the society such a gaining the intellectual life of nation. Financial management of BLU in Indonesia is ruled by Government Regulation No. 23 of 2005, financial management consist of planning and budgeting, execution cash management, accounts receivable, account payable and investment, accounting reporting and accountability.

Keywords: Public Service Agency, Services, Financial Management

INTRODUCTION

Indonesia is a country that has abundant natural wealth, a huge marine area, and thousands of islands. Approximately two-thirds of the country's territory is the ocean. Due to huge sea territory, Indonesia is also internationally recognized as a maritime country established in UNCLOS 1982 which authorizes and expands Indonesia's marine territory with all the decisions which follow it.

The great potential makes the government of President Joko Widodo want to restore the glory of Indonesia by becoming an axis maritime of the world. The government initiated a sea toll program that requires the support of all parties, as well as the role of professional shipping universities expected to produce reliable and competitive community. Colleges may take the form of an academy, a polytechnic, a high school, an institute, or a university [18].

The implementation of education cannot be separated from the use of funds or fees. The cost component in higher education is so varied so that it is very difficult to establish direct costs associated with education services. To carry out its principal efforts that are efficient, effective, productive, and qualified, higher education requires the formation of unit costs. By providing accurate and effective cost information, higher education can determine appropriate planning and budgeting and good decision-making. According to Chet (2001), the main difference between business management and college management can be seen in the following Table 1.



Table 1. The Differences between Business Management And College

No	Business	College		
1.	It is pushed by the	It is pushed by		
	market	lecturers		
2.	Results-oriented	Teaching-oriented		
3.	Planned/methodical based	Open/ariseoriented		
4.	A hierarchical relationship	Free relationship		
5.	Decisions	Adjustment		
6.	Low tolerance of	High tolerance of		
	indecision	indecision		
7.	Based on the	Consensus-based		
	authority	Conscisus-vaseu		
8.	High	Low		
	Accountability	Accountability		

Source: Chet Warzynski, Cornel University

The major components of the strategic management process are defining the mission, vision, and major goals of the organization; Analyzing the external and internal environments of the organization; Choosing strategies that strengthen the external opportunities and threats; And adopting organizational structures and control systems to implement the organization's chosen strategy. In plan and budget preparation, each activity is calculated based on the unit cost. According to budget [39] in his book managing government expenditure said "the word "budget" comes from the budget, a middle English word for the king's bag containing the money necessary for public expenditure. The budget evolved in two directions. At first, parliaments fought to take control of the budget and make governments accountable for the use of resources".

Kaplan and Norton [25] two factors affect the dynamic budget. Those are the operational budget and strategy budget. The operational budget is a budget dealing with predicting the expenditure of education program implementation both related to the management of higher education and learning management.

2. METHOD

This research uses a research and development approach or research and development and it is continued by conducting the test. The method of development in this study refers to the R & D stage model recommended by [1] with a few modifications. The location of the research was conducted at Poltekpel Surabaya and POLTEKBANG Surabaya by implementing the training of human resource development of Transportation. following criteria: (1) credibility, (2) transferability, (3) dependability, and (4) confirmability (objectivity). The development

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stage is presented in the following figures 1 and Figures 2.

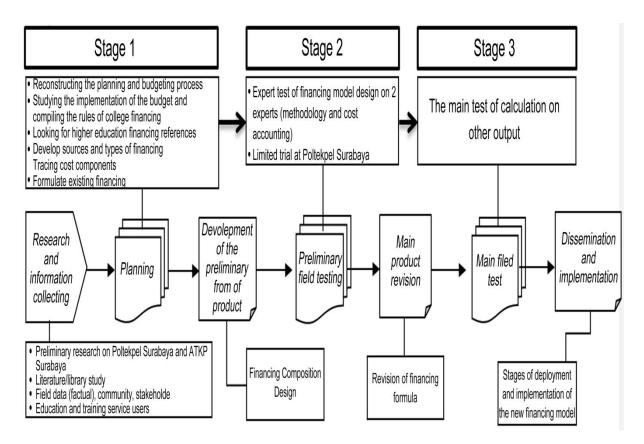


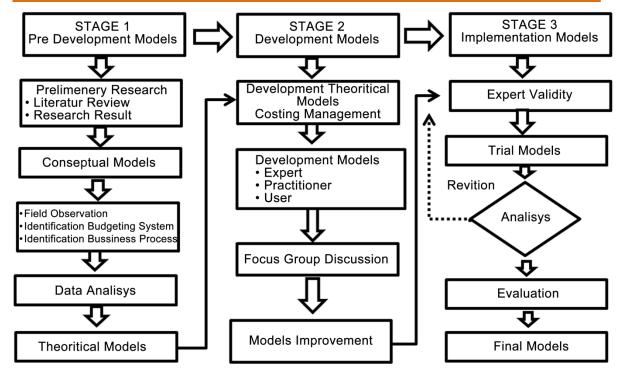
Figure 1. Stages Research and Development

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Figures 2. Flow of Research and Models Development Activities

RESULT

3.1. The Higher Education Financing Model Implementing the Financial Management of the Public Service Agency

The flexibility of financial management, especially for planning and budgeting, is an absolute thing and must be owned by public service agencies because with this principle it is expected that universities that implement financial management of public service agencies can improve services to the community without prioritizing profits. This is in line with research on the theory of the firm: managerial behavior, agency costs, and ownership. In their research [18], concluded as follows: "The publicly held business corporation is an awesome social invention. Millions of individuals voluntarily entrust billions of dollars, francs, pesos, etc. of personal wealth to the care of managers based on a in the use of the corporate form as well as the growth in the market value of established corporations suggests that at least, up to the present, creditors and investors have by and large not been are as real as any other costs. The level of agency costs depends, among other things, on statutory and common law and human ingenuity in devising contracts. Both the law and the sophistication of contracts relevant to the modern corporation are the products of a historical process in which there were strong incentives for individuals to minimize agency costs".

3.2. Development Stage

The conclusions of the pre-development stage study results through documentation study, field observation, and in-depth interviews are included in the financing flow chart at

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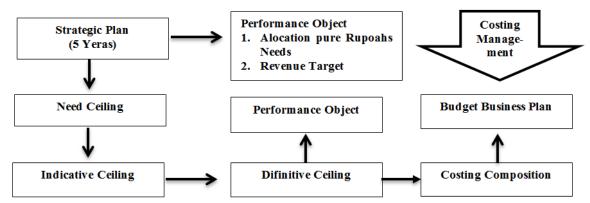
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universities that apply the financial management of public service agencies. In this stage, the existing models are refined by the inputs submitted by the experts and stakeholders in focus group discussions. Beginning models in the following Figure 3.

At this stage, the existing model is refined by the inputs that have been submitted by experts and stakeholders in the focus group discussion (FGD). The financing model for universities that implement improved BLU financial management can be described in the following Figure 4.



Figures 3. Budgeting Flow at The Existing Poltekpel Surabaya and POLTEKBANG Surabaya

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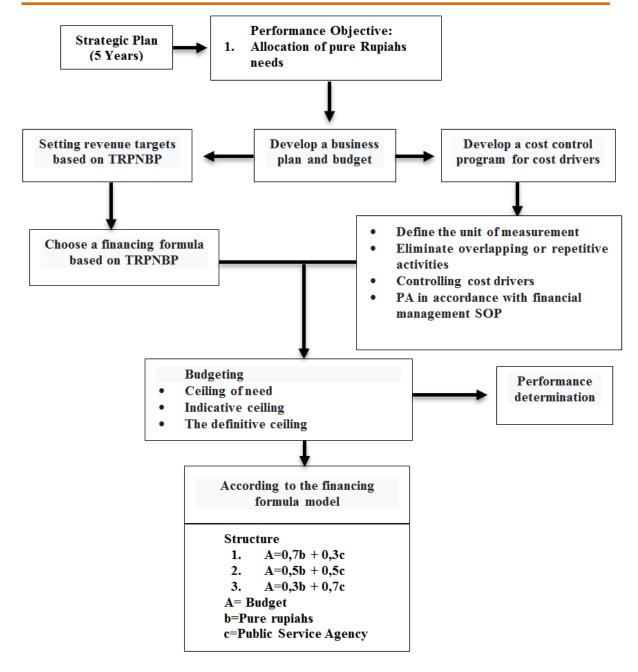


Figure 4. Development Models of Financial Management for Public Service Agency

3.3. The model Analysis

a College planning and budgeting implementing the financial management of public service agencies.

The model which is developed by implementing the planning and budgeting process at the Poltekpel Surabaya and the POLTEKBANG Surabaya will be more flexible and self-reliant as an entity that has implemented the financial management of public

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service agencies. Poltekpel Surabaya and POLTEKBANG Surabaya have become more flexible and have a degree of independence in managing planning and budgeting compared to other entities.

- b The business processes of Higher Education implementing the financial management of public service agencies.
 - According to the results of the development of the higher education finance management model implementing the financial management of public service agencies, the results obtained from the business process implementing a new model that is developed are more effective to improve the competence of the graduation. The management of teaching and learning activities is more focused on the results achieved.
- c Higher Education financial management system implementing the financial management of public service agency.
 - The results of the existing research indicate that the presence of a college financing model implementing financial management of public service agencies is helpful for the Poltekpel Surabaya and Poltekbang Surabaya to improve the transparency and accountability of financial management. It can be proven that the opinion result from public accountant firm for the last 3 (three) years at Poltekpel Surabaya and Poltekbang Surabaya get the highest reasonable opinion without any exception.
- d The sources and composition of Higher Education financing implementing the financial management of public service agencies.

Principal and agent relationships are stated in the performance agreement with renewal annually which has different targets from previous years. The agreement of performance between the head of BLU Poltekpel Surabaya and the Ministry of Finance consisting of financial performance and service performance is evidence that the agency theory has been implemented which resulted in the form of rewards and punishments given by the principal to the agent.

According to the agency theory concerned to solve two problems that can occur in agency relationships, an agency relationship is a contract in which one or more people (principal) ask another person (agent) to perform a service on behalf of the principal and authorize the agent to make the best decision for the principal. If both parties have the same objective to maximize the value of the company, it is believed that the agent will act consistently with the principal's interests.

Some perspectives of political, economic, social, and other sciences, [36] attempt to summarize some of the broader epistemological approaches to agency theory, as follows: (a) Economic approach, (b) Traditional social science approach, (c) Social constructive approach.

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3.3. The effectiveness of Higher Education Financing Models Implementing Financial Management of Public Service Bodies

The level of model effectiveness is a measurement that states that the developed model has been achieved and is appropriate in the learning process and other activities. The result of the suitability test model is for measuring the effectiveness level which is presented in the following Table 2.

Table 2. Agencies Performance Score Calculation Results

Name: Merchant Marine Polytechnic Surabaya

Ministry: Ministry of Transportation

No	Strategic Objective		Indicators		Target	Result	%
	Financial	1.	POBO Ratio	%	59,62	119,99	201
I	Performanc e	2.	Revenue	IDR	100 billion	135,5 billion	135
II	Service Performanc e	3.	Percentage of graduates with GPA \geq 3,0	%	80	83,44	104
		4.	Percentage of graduates absorption ≤ 1 year	%	80	100	125
		5.	Number of research	%	2	4	200
		6.	Number of CSR	%	3	6	200
		7.	Number of lecturers (Doctoral programs)	%	3	3	100
		8.	8. Index of customers satisfaction		3,00	3,02	100
Total							
Average							

Source: Data Merchant Marine Polythecnic Surabaya

This is in line with the notion stated by [26]. He said, "effectiveness is the ability to perform tasks, functions (operations of program activities or missions) rather than an organization with no pressure or tension between its implementation". Steers [44] argues that effectiveness is the scope of a program's efforts as a system with certain resources and means to meet its goals and objectives without paralyzing them and without imposing unnatural pressure on their implementation.

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3.4. The Efficiency of Higher Education Financing Model Implementing Financial Management of Public Service Agency

The efficiency level of the model is a model developed in comparing the use of input plans with the use of actual usage which is lower than the previous model. The result of the suitability test model is for measuring the efficiency level presented in the following Table 3.

Efficiency is the result of a comparison between physical output and physical input. The higher the ratio of output to the input, the higher level of efficiency achieved. Efficiency can also be explained as achieving maximum output from the use of certain resources. If the output produced is greater than the resources used, the higher the level of efficiency achieved.

Hasibuan's [18] opinion state that efficiency is the best comparison between input (input) and output (outcome), between profit and cost (between execution result and source used), as well as optimal results work well. So, it can achieve the expected results or objectives.

In addition, the cost reduction program in the financing formula at universities which implements the financial management of public service agencies as well as the determination of cost drivers for each activity can reduce the costs incurred by the Surabaya Shipping Polytechnic significantly.

Table 3. Model Efficiency Level Analysis Results

Budgeting Merchant Marine Polytechnic Surabaya

Years: 2016

Amount (in billion)

Drograma	Msr -	Before		After		Efficiency
Programs		Vol	Amount	Vol	Amount	Efficiency
Human resources	system	1	530	1	171	359
information system	system					
Research report	Report	20	677	20	586	91
Education and	Man	1470	54.051	1470	52.135	1.916
training graduate	ivian					
Training support	Report	9	527	9	454	73
report	Кероп					
Office services	Month	12	63.810	12	48.585	15.225
Total		1512	119.595	1512	101.931	17.664

Source: Data Merchant Marine Polythecnic Surabaya

3.4. Recommended Costing Management Model

Based on the results of the experiment, the analysis of several findings, and discussion of research, researchers need to apply a model of higher education finance management which apply the financial management of public service agencies at Poltekpel Surabaya and Poltekbang Surabaya which is recommended as figure 5.

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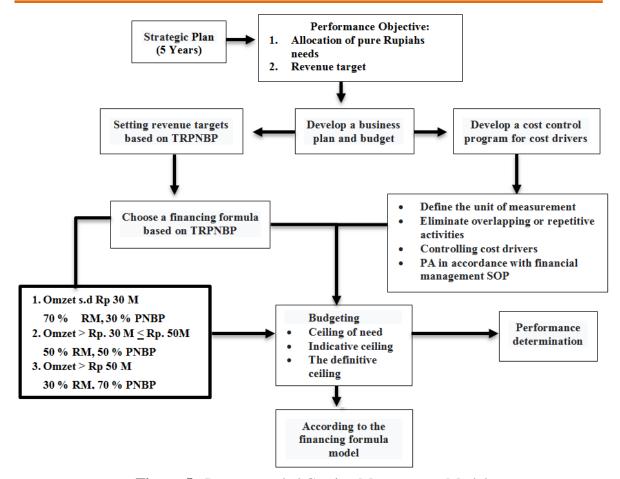


Figure 5. Recommended Costing Management Models

CONCLUSION

Based on data analysis and the discussion, it can be concluded some points as follows:

- The development of a financing model at higher education implementing the financial management of public service agencies with a cost reduction program on cost drivers can enhance the competitiveness and independence in exploring sources and composition of financing.
- Planning and budget of higher education implementing the financial management of public service agencies at Poltekpel Surabaya and Poltekbang Surabaya have not been maximized by implementing performance-based budgeting system, because the planning and budgeting system is still oriented to the output which tends to spend budget.
- It is necessary to simplify business processes at the Poltekpel Surabaya and Poltekbang Surabaya which has applied public service agency financial management to compete in providing services to the public.
- The financial management system of Poltekpel Surabaya and Poltekbang Surabaya is good, transparent, and accountable, by the provisions of the legislation; this is proven by the opinion of the public accounting firm for three consecutive years of financial statements with an unqualified opinion.

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- The sources and composition of higher education financing implementing the financial management of public service agencies to the Poltekpel Surabaya and Poltekbang Surabaya are not only dependent on APBN, it can be obtained from the asset utilization, cooperation, and grants.
- The development of higher education financing model implementing the financial management of public service agencies at the Poltekpel Surabaya and the Poltekbang Surabaya can improve organizational effectiveness in achieving financial performance and service performance contracts of 145% by 2016.
- The development of the higher education financing model which implements the financial management of public service agencies at the Poltekpel Surabaya and the Poltekbang Surabaya can increase the budget efficiency by IDR. 15,244,514,000, or 7.75% of the 2017 budget.

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