Youth Terrorism in Maharashtra

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Introduction

Youth the most memorable time of a person's life the age at which one is the most achieve the happiest and most carefree. Youngblood running through their veins. Youth is increasing as we breaths. No one knows when they are going to work. The psychology of youth is very complicated in Maharashtra. The parents cannot understand it, even though they keep saying. The understand, I was your age once, well true. They were of that age now they are not. Their psychology is different.

"Terrorism" comes from the French word terrorism. The term was introduced during the Reign of terror from French government. The French word terrorism is drive from Latin verb, which means "I frighten". Terrorism can be defined as the use of violence and threats to achieve some type of goal. The gold may also serve political, religion or ideology purposes. A primary goal of terrorism is to disrupt society by causing widespread psychology damage and social disturb. The purpose of terrorism is to provoke social and economic fall-out. Terrorism is the threat or use of violence against civilians to draw attention to an issue. Those searching for the causes of terrorism -why this tactic would be selected, and in what circumstances- approach the phenomenon in different ways. Some see it as an independent phenomenon, while others view it as one tactic in a larger strategy. Some seek to understand what makes an individual choose terrorism, while others look at it at the level of a group.

The youth from Maharashtra

The youth from Maharashtra who had been radicalized on the internet and who joined the terror group. In today's world where terrorism has became the esstional ingredients of the news headlines the where we all are living on the age of- called terror. It can come in any from AK-47 or keeling hostages. The one thing which is common across the world of terrorism is the large involvement of youth. It is the constantly been seen that a large number of young people specially the age group of 20 to 35 years old is playing this game of terror. This significant change very easy to change the mind of these youth.

Youth are search own identity. The teenage years are an extremely formative time in a young person life. It can often result in them asking question about their identity, wondering "who am I! Activities start in: mind mapping, compare and contrast, fan mail these activities are started youth life. If was floating, like a drifting ghost, searching to find a place, to check, confusion with race and culture.

Socio- economic condition of youth

The socio- economic conditions of rural and urban society are the breeding places of stark poverty. In its extreme manifestation poverty is largely a universal phenomenon with peculiarly of its own. The consequences of the continuous migration of the rural people in continuous migration of the rural people in urban area in search livelihood, their failure to final adequate means to support themselves.

Youth are struggling in socio- economic condition of youth in both urban and rural areas in Maharashtra state have been the driving force behind youth grievances this bared magma that has risen to the surface and is booting our society. Idleness youth from middle and high class breeds extremism and immorality due to lack of passion and vision among youth. Some 53% of urban residents including youth are living in slums to various risk factors such as drug addiction, violence, human trafficking, school dropout and juvenile Justice.

The economy is the framework within which the production and distribution of goods and services takes place. The paradox before humanity is that while we have always strived for economic equality, we have never been able to achieve it.

Inaccessibility of available resources causes agitation amongst common men. When this agitation takes violent proportions, it manifests as terrorism.

The same principle may be extended to international relations because of the prevalent gap between the developed and developing world. Regional differences (intra or international) in levels of economic development lead to the usage of political violence in the less-privileged regions. With the growth of International Organized Crime, a growing nexus is found between drug trafficking, money laundering and terrorism. This nexus is an important factor in the growth of terrorism; thus the term Norco-terrorism. Often social, political and economic factors behind the growth of terrorism are closely related.

Various causes are responsible for the growth of terrorism. Economic and Political deprivation, social disparity, psychological depression, bankruptcy of creative ideas and misinterpretation of religious codes are the chief causes behind the growth of terrorism.

- > The youth particularly those of Maharashtra were increasing getting frustrated with the moderate methods and techniques of political struggle.
- > The youth were also gradually losing faith in the extremist method of passive resistance of achieve nationalist aims.
- > There was growing treated among the Maharashtra youth for foreign rule due to the racial superiority and arrogant behavior of the society.

Impact factors on youth

- Family
- Education
- Employment
- Culture
- Religion
- Environment
- Technology / media

- Social structure
- Peer group
- Globalization psychological security
- Negative behavior

Dominant Culture

Maharashtra a Religious Society in the truest sense is God's help sought at all times or do we conveniently call on God on special occasions as a mere formality? As such the family and religion now have a minimal impact on the average youngster. The values emphasized today include individualism, Godlessness, materialism, secularism and rationalism. Impact of godless culture of modernity. The emphasis is no competitiveness academic successes, career goals, income and social mobility.

No attention is given to preparing tomorrows leadership. There is no emphasis is placed on critical thinking. We need to pay close attention to the effects of secularism: confining the role of religion to the private domain of the individual and creating a dichotomy between "religious" and "worldly," between "private" and "public." It denies religion and its mediating institutions any public function and influence in shaping matters of public policy.

Religious

Fundamentalism is an attitude of some religious people who emphasize the letter of religious dogmas over the underlying spirit. It is a product of ignorance as well as deliberate mischief by vested interests to gain political power and economic benefits by exploiting religious sentiments of the faithful and dividing people along communal lines.

However to associate any particular religion with violence is completely incorrect. At times, it is wrongly asserted that fundamentalist Islam has given a spurt to terrorism. It is the narrowminded religious zealots who spread a cult of hate against perceived Western designs. Unemployed and semi-literate youth are attracted to the 'gun culture' spread by numerous terrorist groups like Al-Qaeda, Intifada, etc.Quranic verses call for a rational exchange of ideas, the freedom of choice in worship, and ask us to leave judging of others to God.

Unemployment

Unemployment is the main reason of the youth involves in terror and their poor survival across the childhood. They were born and thought up in poor conditions due to lack of proper education and hence they were unemployed. The terror agents took advantages to these condition and they to pay hefty money of their families in return and they agrees to do any work.

The unemployment problem has assumed an alarming to be the biggest social and economic evil. Unemployment result in various evil effects, old persons, and caused worker and under employed –suffer seriously for want of employment opportunities. When employment is not available young parsons become frustrated, disillusioned and even cynics, finding no outlet for their constructive energies, they learn towards such anti-social activities as pick- pocketing, robberies and

become delinquents and indiscipline and recalcitrant youth . These conditions are doing work in terror agent.

Political

It is generally believed that the nature and objectives of terrorism are political. The desire for power and specifically political power often governs the minds of individuals. Terrorism thus is used as an instrument to attain political goals. Politicization of violence secures public attention without which terrorism as a modus operandi cannot be successful. Further terrorists justify their violent course of action in the name of a common cause.

The phenomenon of Political terrorism and violence may be explained using the following cycle: Terrorism is seen as a political phenomenon because of its objectives, methodology and organization Thus politicization of violence is a major cause as well as manifestation of terrorism. Terrorism confronts modern democracies and thus poses a challenge to international security.

Impact of Technology / media

We are witnessing a phenomenal advancement in technology over the last three decades, and our citizens are experiencing remarkable social and cultural change. This drastic change has generated psychological and social dislocations among many people. Moreover, technology has influenced the way we think about life in general and interpersonal human relations in particular. Certainly, religion should influence all aspects of our life. It regulates our relationship to God and fellow human beings. When religion is made insignificant and is reduced to one among many other forms of cultural expressions, then meaningful existence and interpersonal relationships that are cultivated by its presence are threatened. In its place personal greed and intensified forms of individuation breed self-centered and "first me" individualism. If these tendencies are not kept in check by concern for the well being of others, as taught by religion, it could lead to a self-serving, ego-centered individual.

Television in particular has gone beyond its mandate to assist the family and the school in providing visual aid and education to the young. It has taken upon itself to appeal to the destructive and disintegrative instincts, to provoke greed, unlimited self-gratification, and absence of moral restraint in its young audience.

Intervention of the social work

Intervention aimed at reducing youth motivation for joining might therefore involve a broad spectrum of action a by a broad spectrum of agencies. The overall agenda should be to facilitate non-violent behavior. These protective core competencies include a positive sense of self skills, self control decision-making skills a moral system of belief and prosaically connectedness. Although these competencies clearly are interconnected each has received substantial attention in its own right. High levels of these competencies provide a marker for positive youth development clearly parents are in the best position to encourage a child development.

The purpose of Intervention this program is to provide participants from the curriculum and teacher professional development programs in civic and government education and economic education; assist in the adaptation, implementation and institution nalization of the programs; create and implement programs for students that draw upon the experiences of the participating countries; and provide support for independent research and evaluation to determine the effects of educational programs on students' development of knowledge, skills, and traits of character essential for the preservation and improvement of constitutional democracy, and on the effective participation in and the preservation and improvement of an efficient market economy.

Conclusion

Today, not only is there a global awareness as an option and a new global system of recruitment, but also smaller group can potentially weak heroic with increasing lethal weapons. This dangerous require that a concerned international effort by made to determine how best to reduce the culture of terrorist ideologist.

Youth is a developmental period marked by significant physiological, cognitive and emotional changes, with cultural, economic and social factors playing an important role. There remains little doubt that youth constitute a particularly high-risk group for engaging in a wide variety of potentially risky behaviors and for acquiring terrorist problems given their high rates of risktaking, their perceived invulnerability, their lack of recognition that terrorist can lead to serious problems, the ease of accessibility of terrorist venues, its widespread social acceptability and availability, and the glamorization of terrorist.

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